TEEN CHALLENGE (SINGAPORE) AND ITS SUBSIDIARY (ROS Ref No. 196/85REL)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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Baker Tilly TFW LLP Chartered Accountants of Singapore

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STATEMENT BY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Teen Challenge (Singapore) (the "Society"), we, Ang Chuan Leong Simon and Ting Kiong Ping, being the President and Honorary Treasurer respectively, do

hereby state that in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of the Group and financial

statements of the Society as set out on pages 5 to 21 are properly drawn up in accordance with

Societies Act, Chapter 311, Charities Act, Chapter 37 and other relevant regulations and Financial

Reporting Standards in Singapore so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the

Group and the Society as at 31 December 2017 and the financial performance and changes in

accumulated fund and other fund of the Group and the Society and the cash flows of the Group for the

financial year ended on that date.

Ang Chuan Leong Simon President

President

17 April 2018

Ting Kiong Ping Honorary Treasurer

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TEEN CHALLENGE (SINGAPORE)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Teen Challenge (Singapore) (the "Society") and its subsidiary (the "Group") as set out on pages 5 to 21, which comprise the balance sheet of the Group and the Society as at 31 December 2017, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in accumulated fund and other fund of the Group and the Society and the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the financial statements of the Society are properly drawn up in accordance with the Societies Act, Chapter 311 (the "Societies Act"), the Charities Act, Chapter 37 and other relevant regulations (the "Charities Act and Regulations") and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs") so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group and the Society as at 31 December 2017 and of the financial performance, changes in accumulated fund and other fund of the Group and the Society and cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TEEN CHALLENGE (SINGAPORE) (cont'd)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Societies Act, Charities Act and Regulations and FRSs, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TEEN CHALLENGE (SINGAPORE) (cont'd)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion,

- (i) the accounting and other records required by the Societies Regulations enacted under the Societies Act to be kept by the Society have been properly kept in accordance with those regulations; and
- (ii) the fund raising appeal held during the financial year ended 31 December 2017 has been carried out in accordance with Regulation 6 of the Societies Regulations issued under the Societies Act and proper accounts and other records have been kept of the fund-raising appeal.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that during the financial year:

- (i) the Society has not used the donation moneys in accordance with its objectives as required under Regulation 11 of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations; and
- (ii) the Society has not complied with the requirements of Regulation 15 (Fund-raising expenses) of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations.

Baker Tilly TFW LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

Bolles Tilly

17 April 2018

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the financial year ended 31 December 2017

		Group		Society	
		2017	Restated 2016	2017	Restated 2016
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue					
Donations	3	544,560	687,118	544,560	687,118
Income from services		198,941	181,312	_	-
Other income	4	1,026,712	1,032,327	1,004,502	1,006,808
		1,770,213	1,900,757	1,549,062	1,693,926
Less expenditures Cost of services					
- consumables and manpower Depreciation of property, plant		(28,802)	(25,809)	-	_
and equipment	7	(194,161)	(100,574)	(177,761)	(84,174)
Staff costs	5	(1,045,352)	(1,041,788)	(891,432)	(919,226)
Other operating expenses	6	(487,635)	(610,724)	(474,413)	(600,828)
Total expenditure		(1,755,950)	(1,778,895)	(1,543,606)	(1,604,228)
Net surplus and total comprehensive income		14 262	121 962	E 156	90 6 09
for the year		14,263	121,862	5,456	89,698

BALANCE SHEETS At 31 December 2017

		Group Society		ciety	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-current asset					
Property, plant and equipment	7	980,315	714,208	937,549	655,042
					
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	9	200,748	71,718	195,691	63,658
Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,703,396	1,875,643	1,331,289	1,531,922
		1,904,144	1,947,361	1,526,980	1,595,580
Total assets		2,884,459	2,661,569	2,464,529	2,250,622
					
Non-current liability					
Deferred capital grant	11	599,007	414,925	599,007	414,925
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	12	397,846	453,689	390,479	446,498
Deferred capital grant	11	207,028	126,640	207,028	126,640
		604,874	580,329	597,507	573,138
Total liabilities		1,203,881	995,254	1,196,514	988,063
Net assets		1,680,578	1,666,315	1,268,015	1,262,559
Represented by					
Accumulated Fund		1,671,490	1,657,227	1,258,927	1,253,471
Other Fund	13	9,088	9,088	9,088	9,088
		1,680,578	1,666,315	1,268,015	1,262,559

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED FUND AND OTHER FUND For the financial year ended 31 December 2017

	Accumulated Fund \$	Other Fund \$	Total \$
Group			
Balance at 1 January 2016	1,535,365	9,088	1,544,453
Net surplus and total comprehensive income for the financial year	121,862	_	121,862
Balance at 31 December 2016	1,657,227	9,088	1,666,315
Net surplus and total comprehensive income for the financial year	14,263	-	14,263
Balance at 31 December 2017	1,671,490	9,088	1,680,578
Society			
Balance at 1 January 2016	1,163,773	9,088	1,172,861
Net surplus and total comprehensive income for the financial year	89,698	_	89,698
Balance at 31 December 2016	1,253,471	9,088	1,262,559
Net surplus and total comprehensive income for the financial year	5,456	_	5,456
Balance at 31 December 2017	1,258,927	9,088	1,268,015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the financial year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Net surplus before tax		14,263	121,862
Adjustments for: Depreciation for property, plant and equipment Written off of property, plant and equipment Interest income Amortisation of deferred capital grant Written off of deferred capital grant		194,161 2,231 (9,091) (138,342) (712)	100,574 1,837 (12,710) (67,648)
Operating surplus before working capital changes		62,510	143,915
Receivables Payables Net receipts from deferred capital grants		(129,030) (55,843) 403,524	13,899 (11,758) 378,737
Cash flows generated from operation		281,161	524,793
Interest income		9,091	12,710
Net cash from operating activities		290,252	537,503
Cash flows used in investing activity Purchases of property, plant and equipment, representing net cash used in investing activity		(462,499)	(488,052)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		(172,247) 1,875,643	49,451 1,826,192
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	10	1,703,396	1,875,643

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 31 December 2017

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1 Corporate information

Teen Challenge (Singapore) ("the Society") is registered as a Society on 14 April 1987.

The objectives of the Society are to provide help, counsel and assistance to delinquent youth and former drug addicts. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these objectives during the financial year.

These financial statements incorporate the financial results and financial position of its subsidiary, Teen Challenge Enterprises Ltd ("TCE"), a company which is incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Singapore, and limited by guarantee. The principal activities of TCE are set out in Note 8.

The Society's registered office is at 735 Old Choa Chu Kang Road, Singapore 699798.

2 Significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements, expressed in Singapore dollar (\$), which is the Society's functional currency, have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Societies Act, Chapter 311, Charities Act, Chapter 37 and other relevant regulations and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRSs requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions and historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Use of estimates and judgements

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There were no significant judgements made in applying accounting policies and no estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other current receivables and payables approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

a) Basis of preparation (cont'd)

New and revised standards

In the current financial year, the Group and the Society have adopted all the new and revised FRSs and Interpretations of FRSs ("INT FRSs") that are relevant to their operations and effective for the current financial year. The adoption of these new/revised FRSs and INT FRSs did not have any material effect on the financial results or position of the Group and the Society.

New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been issued at the balance sheet date but are not yet effective for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Group and the Society.

b) Consolidation

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Society. The Society controls an entity when the Society is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

In the Society's balance sheet, investments in a subsidiary is accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses. On disposal of the investment, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investment is recognised in profit or loss.

c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Society and its subsidiary as at the balance sheet date. Subsidiary is consolidated from the date on which the Society obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

The financial statements of the subsidiary is prepared for the same reporting date as the Society. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Intragroup balances and transactions, including income and expenses are eliminated in full. Income and expenditure resulting from intragroup transactions are eliminated in full.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred for the acquisition comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

When a change in the Society's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary related to the subsidiary are derecognised. Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss and transferred directly to specific funds if required by a specific FRS.

d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment loss. Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the depreciable amount of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method as follows:

	Year
Motor vehicles	5
Equipment, furniture and fittings	5
Machinery and appliances	5

The residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each balance sheet date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

On disposal of a property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is taken to profit or loss.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use.

e) Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment at each balance sheet date or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the asset no longer exist or have decreased. The reversal is recorded in profit or loss. However, the increased carrying amount of an asset due to a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for that asset in prior years.

f) Financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets according to the purpose for which the assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at each balance sheet date. The Group's only financial assets are loans and receivables which comprise trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments) and cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are measured at initial recognition at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. When such evidence exists, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. The allowance recognised is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited in profit or loss.

g) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities which comprise trade and other payables are recognised on the balance sheets when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised in the profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised and through the amortisation process.

h) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

i) Finance leases

Leases of assets in which the Group assumes substantially the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Property, plant and equipment acquired through finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss.

j) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity, and the amount of revenue and related cost can be reliably measured.

Revenue from the various sources are recognised on the following bases:

- i) Income from services is recognised when the services are rendered.
- ii) Donations are recognised when received or upon firm commitments received from the donors before financial year end and are directly attributable to specific events.
- iii) Other donations are recognised upon receipt.
- iv) Interest income is recognised based on effective interest method.

k) Tax expenses

The Society and its subsidiary are registered charities under the Charities Act and are exempted from income tax under the provision of the Income Tax Act.

I) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is recognised as deferred capital grant on the balance sheet and is amortised to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate.

m) Defined contribution plans

The Group makes contributions to the Central Provident Fund scheme in Singapore ("CPF"), a defined contribution plan. Contributions to CPF are charged to profit or loss in the period in which the related service is performed.

n) Funds

Unless specifically indicated, fund balances are not represented by any specific accounts, but are represented by all assets of the Group.

o) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and bank balances and deposits with financial institutions which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3 Donations

Included in donations received during the financial year for the Group and Society are donations with tax-deductible receipts issued during the financial year totaling \$461,815 (2016: \$555,385).

4 Other income

	Group		Society	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Interest income	9,091	12,710	7,100	10,139
Care and share	110,401	180,471	110,401	180,471
Halfway house scheme	478,419	404,324	478,419	404,324
President's challenge	_	124,200	_	124,200
Other grants	289,015	237,697	268,896	218,249
Amortisation of deferred capital	•	•	ř	·
grant	138,342	67,648	138,342	67,648
Others	1,444	5,277	1,344	1,777
	1,026,712	1,032,327	1,004,502	1,006,808

5 Staff costs

	Group		Soci	iety
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and bonuses	822,712	809,713	685,515	702,004
CPF contributions	113,109	114,991	96,386	100,138
Others	109,531	117,084	109,531	117,084
	1,045,352	1,041,788	891,432	919,226

Included in staff costs were key management personnel compensation as follows:

	Group		Soci	iety
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and bonuses	247,136	286,838	247,136	286,838
CPF contributions	29,959	35,993	29,959	35,993
	277,095	322,831	277,095	322,831

Transport allowances of \$17,434 (2016: \$19,556) and handphone allowance of \$3,100 (2016: \$3,700) was paid to key management personnel during the financial year for the Group and the Society.

6 Other operating expenses

	Group		Society		
	2017	*		2016	
	\$. \$	\$	\$	
Other expenses include the following	ng items:				
Charity golf expenses	68,474	78,121	68,474	78,121	
Celebrations dinner expenses	· –	87,515	· -	87,515	
Meals and provisions	38,898	41,568	38,898	41,568	
Rental expenses	165,597	165,597	165,597	165,597	
Residents' expenses	18,395	31,527	18,395	31,527	
Utilities	53,526	61,553	53,526	61,553	
Vehicle expenses	38,376	29,056	37,470	27,943	

7 Property, plant and equipment

	Motor vehicles \$	Equipment, furniture and fittings \$	Machinery and appliances \$	Total \$
Group 2017 Cost				
Balance at beginning of financial year Additions Disposals/written off	482,398 - -	883,524 454,581 (49,343)	34,323 7,918 (2,420)	1,400,245 462,499 (51,763)
Balance at end of financial year	482,398	1,288,762	39,821	1,810,981
Accumulated depreciation Balance at beginning of financial				
year Charge for the financial year Disposals/written off	149,718 79,148 -	521,909 107,855 (47,112)	14,410 7,158 (2,420)	686,037 194,161 (49,532)
Balance at end of financial year	228,866	582,652	19,148	830,666
Net carry value As at 31 December 2017	253,532	706,110	20,673	980,315
Group 2016 Cost				
Balance at beginning of financial year Additions Disposals/written off	318,777 209,260 (45,639)	658,260 265,655 (40,391)	34,894 13,137 (13,708)	1,011,931 488,052 (99,738)
Balance at end of financial year	482,398	883,524	34,323	1,400,245
Accumulated depreciation Balance at beginning of financial				
year Charge for the financial year Disposals/written off	146,041 49,316 (45,639)	513,876 46,587 (38,554)	23,447 4,671 (13,708)	683,364 100,574 (97,901)
Balance at end of financial year	149,718	521,909	14,410	686,037
Net carry value As at 31 December 2016	332,680	361,615	19,913	714,208

7 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

	Motor vehicles \$	Equipment, furniture and fittings \$	Machinery and appliances \$	Total \$
Society 2017				
Cost Balance at beginning of financial year Additions Written off	393,159 - -	882,764 454,581 (49,343)	30,901 7,918 (2,420)	1,306,824 462,499 (51,763)
Balance at end of financial year	393,159	1,288,002	36,399	1,717,560
Accumulated depreciation Balance at beginning of financial		501.140	10.040	651 500
year Charge for the financial year Written off	116,793 63,432 –	521,149 107,855 (47,112)	13,840 6,474 (2,420)	651,782 177,761 (49,532)
Balance at end of financial year	180,225	581,892	17,894	780,011
Net carry value As at 31 December 2017	212,934	706,110	18,505	937,549
Society 2016 Cost				
Balance at beginning of financial year Additions Written off	196,499 209,260 (12,600)	657,500 265,655 (40,391)	34,894 9,715 (13,708)	888,893 484,630 (66,699)
Balance at end of financial year	393,159	882,764	30,901	1,306,824
Accumulated depreciation Balance at beginning of financial year	95,793	513,230	23,447	632,470
Charge for the financial year Written off	33,600 (12,600)	46,473 (38,554)	4,101 (13,708)	84,174 (64,862)
Balance at end of financial year	116,793	521,149	13,840	651,782
Net carry value As at 31 December 2016	276,366	361,615	17,061	655,042

8 Subsidiary company

Details of the subsidiary company as at the financial year end are as follows:

				nterest held Group
Name Coun	ry of incorporation and	2017	2016	
		cipal place of activities	%	%
Teen Challenge E	Interprises Ltd	Singapore	100	100

The subsidiary company, Teen Challenge Enterprises Ltd ("TCE"), is a company limited by guarantee. The principal activities of TCE are those relating to the provision of movers and woodwork services for both home and offices.

The Society is exposed to and has rights to variable returns from its involvement with TCE and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over TCE. TCE carry out its activities as an extension of the objectives of the Society in providing employment to reformed delinquents and drug addicts.

9 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables	Gro	oup	Socie	ety
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade receivables	880	3,230	_	
Other receivables	93,304	39,126	91,859	36,890
Prepayments	20,973	14,216	18,241	11,622
Deposits	85,591	15,146	85,591	15,146
	200,748	71,718	195,691	63,658

10 Cash and cash equivalents

-	Gı	roup	Soc	eiety
	2017 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash and bank balances Fixed deposits	917,958 785,438	1,100,018 775,625	702,349 628,940	910,013 621,909
	1,703,396	1,875,643	1,331,289	1,531,922
		•		

Fixed deposits placed with financial institutions mature within 12 months (2016: 11 months) from the balance sheet date and bear interest at rate ranging from 1.00% to 1.22% (2016: 1.22% to 1.8%) per annum.

11 Deferred capital grant

	Group and Society	
	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cost At 1 January Additions Written off	633,198 403,524 (1,580)	254,461 378,737 —
At 31 December	1,035,142	633,198
Accumulated amortisation At 1 January Amortisation during the financial year Written off	91,633 138,342 (868)	23,985 67,648 —
At 31 December	229,107	91,633
Net carry value At 31 December	806,035	541,565
Non-current Current	599,007 207,028	414,925 126,640
	806,035	541,565

Deferred capital grant relates to grant received for the acquisition of capital assets. The grant received is amortised over the useful life of the property, plant and equipment of 5 years.

12 Trade and other payables

	Group		Society	
	2017 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	2016 \$
Other payables Deferred income	38,515	41,456	33,048	36,365
- Care and share grant	317,095	405,933	317,095	405,933
Accruals	42,236	6,300	40,336	4,200
Present value of lease payments	397,846	453,689	390,479	446,498

Care and Share Grant represents a dollar and twenty-five cents for every eligible donation dollar for the first \$1,000,000 and a dollar for every eligible donation dollar for the subsequent \$1,000,000 that the Company raises between 1 December 2013 and 31 March 2016. The Grant shall be used to develop social service related Volunteer Welfare Organisations and their programmes to better serve the beneficiaries. The grant shall be used for both capability and capacity building.

The Group and Society participates in the Care and Share Matching Grant scheme funded by Ministry of Social and Family Development and administered by National Council of Social Service ("NCSS"). The Group and Society received approval of grant up to \$2,250,000 subject to fulfilling certain conditions set by NCSS. During the financial year ended 31 December 2017, the Group and Society received a further grant amounting to \$425,087. Out of the approved grant received \$110,401 was recognised in profit or loss, \$403,524 recognised in deferred capital grant and the remaining balance of \$317,095 is shown as deferred income.

13 Other Fund

Other fund is to be utilised solely for the purpose of providing electrical training as designated by the donor.

14 Commitments

a) Capital commitments

Capital commitments not provided for in the financial statements:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment	69,771	_

15 Financial instruments

a) Categories of financial instruments

	Group		Soc	eiety
	2017 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	2016 \$
Financial assets Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	1,883,171	1,933,145	1,508,739	1,583,958
Financial liabilities At amortised cost	397,846	453,689	390,479	446,498

b) Financial risk management

The Group and Society's overall risk management is determined and carried out by the board of directors on an informal basis. The Group and Society is exposed to the following financial risks:

Credit risk

The Group and Society have no significant concentrations of credit risk. The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents as presented on the balance sheets represent the Group and Society's maximum exposure to credit risk.

Financial assets that are neither past due no impaired

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment record with the Group and Society. Bank balances and fixed deposits are placed with reputable banks.

Financial assets that are past due and/or impaired

There is no other class of financial assets that is past due and/or impaired.

15 Financial instruments (cont'd)

b) Financial risk management (cont'd)

Foreign exchange risk

The Group and Society have no significant exposure to foreign exchange risk as its financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in Singapore dollar.

Interest rate risk

The Group and Society's exposure to interest rate risk is minimal.

Sensitivity analysis for changes in interest rate is not disclosed as the effect on profit or loss is considered not significant.

Liquidity and cash flow risk

The board of directors exercises prudent liquidity and cash flow risk management policies and aims at maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and cash flow at all times.

The table below analyses the maturity profile of the Group and Society's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year \$
Group At 31 December 2017 Trade and other payables	397,846
At 31 December 2016 Trade and other payables	453,689
Society At 31 December 2017 Trade and other payables	390,479
At 31 December 2016 Trade and other payables	446,498

c) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements of the Group and Society approximate their fair values.

16 Fund management

The Group and Society's objectives when managing its funds are to safeguard and maintain adequate working capital to continue as a going concern. These objectives remain unchanged from previous financial year.

17 Comparative figures

Prior year adjustment has been made for the recognition of rental grant received.

The comparative figures have been restated as follows:

	As previously reported \$	Adjustment	As restated \$
Group Statement of comprehensive income as at 31 December 2016			
Other income Other operating expenses	866,730 (445,127)	165,597 (165,597)	1,032,327 (610,724)
Society Statement of comprehensive income as at 31 December 2016			
Other income Other operating expenses	841,211 (435,231)	165,597 (165,597)	1,006,808 (600,828)

18 Authorisation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Group and Society for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors dated 17 April 2018.